THE TIMES, FOUNDED 1886.

RICHMOND, VA., SUNDAY APRIL, 10, 1904.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

COCKRAN THRILLS THE HOUSE

Speaks to Crowded Galleries for an Hour.

EVERY MEMBER AN ATTENTIVE LISTENER

Usurpation of the Legislative Power of the Executive Branch of the Government.

RECEIVES HEARTY APPLAUSE FROM BOTH SIDES CHAMBER

The New Yorker Did Not Stoop to Partisan Politics, But Based His Argument Upon Precedent-Many Republican

Leaders Cross House to Shake His Hand.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9,-Not in long years, has there been heard on the of the House of Representatives an able and cloquent argument as that delivered by Hon. Bourke Cockran, of New York, to-day on the usurpation of the legislative power of the executive branch of the government. He spoke to crowded galleries for over an hour there was scarcely a member absent from his sent during the entire time When he concluded, every Democrat and every Republican united in the tremend avery Republican united in the tremend-pous appliance which rolled over the floor and galleries, with the sole exception of Bertino Payne, of New York, and the Topublican floor leader, and John Dai-gell, of Pennsylvania, who has never in the course of his long term of service in Congress admitted that anything good

in Congress admitted that anything good has come from the Democratic side.
There was scarcely a vacant seat in the galleries, the crowd having anticipated the speech of the New York oracte. Every few moments he would be interrupted by Democratic applause, and towards the end of his speech the Republicans united with the Democrats in expressing their approval of the utterfuces of the orator.

Melted Grosvenor.

Melted Grosvenor.

General Grosvenor, the most uncompromising of Republicans, tried for a time to make the House and spectators believe he was not interested in the address and ostentatiously devoted himself to his newspaper, but it was not long before he was seen to lay down the paper and yawn. Then he was listening, and in five minutes he was joining in the applause. When Cockran had concluded, Mr. Grosvenor was among the Republicans who surged across the aisle to shake the orator's band. It was several minutes before the applause had subsided, and the impromptu reception which

eral minutes before the applause had subsided, and the impromptu reception which
lie orator was forced to hold in the main
sisle, had come to an end.

Mr. Cockran spoke on his resolutions
introduced some time ago, calling on the
Excretary of the Interior for information as to his authority for issuing the
recent order putting all old soldiers on
the pension list.

On a High Plane

On a High Plane.

But did he not stoop to partisan poli-ics. He carried the discussion to a logh plane, and based his argument upon historical precedents, evidencing the most intimate familiarity with the constitutional history of England and America. Among the spectators in the galleries was a Mr. Buird, a young Souteman. was a Mr. Baird, a young Scotenman, a man of education, graduate of the Uni-versity of Edinburgh, and now in Wash-ington on his way from South Carolina, where he has been for several months studying the cotton mill methods of that I have frequently listened to debates

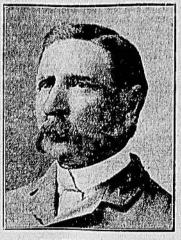
in the House of Commons." he said, "but I have never heard so cloquent a speech, and I have never heard a member of the Biouse of Commons or of the House of liouse of Commons or of the House of Lords talk so much English history." IMPASSIONED SPEECH.

To Uphold the Dignity of the House of Representatives.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, April 9.—The recent,
executive order of the President relating
To pensions on age disability to-day furhished the text for an impassioned appeal

(Continued on Ninth Page.)

OF THE TIMES-DISPATCH "OLD FRIENDS" CLOSE CONTEST, AND A LIST OF THOSE WHO WON PRIZES



E. LESLIE SPENCE,

On the 24th of February last The Times-

Dispatch Inaugurated what we termed an

"Old Friends' Contest." We knew there

were many people in Virginia and else-

The Dispatch. The Times and The Times-

and we were anxious to form the ac-

quaintance again, so to speak, of these

Accordingly we offered prizes of life

subscriptions to ten of our oldest friends

The conditions of the contest were as

The conditions of the cortest were as follows:

First—To the five regular readers of The Times-Dispatch, who can prove by affidivit or other positive means on or before Friday, April 1st, the longest consecutive service as regular readers, either of the Dally or Weckly "Dispatch" or "Times," as a recognition of such proof their names will be entered upon the list to receive a copy of The Dally and Surday Times-Dispatch free as long as they live.

Second—To the next five regular readers who furnish proof in the same manner. The Weekly Times-Dispatch will be maited free as long as they live.

Important—Persons entering this contest must furnish full particulars of proof, a brief sketch of their life and occupation, place of birth and date, together with their most recent pholograph, which will be returned if positage is enclosed.

The contest closed on the 1st of April. Replies from a large number of "old-timers" have been received, and they make very interesting reading.

The Winners Are.

long-time readers of the Weekly.

old friends.



W. H. CLEMMITT,



Mr. J. D. Hammersley) rented the adjoining building on Governor Street to
publish the Dispatch. My recollection
is that Mr. High R. Pleasants was the
first editor. Every afternoon I was in
the office seeing them put in the press
and other parts of the printing material.
I read the first issue of the Dispatch,
and have read nearly every issue up to
this date, the only exceptions being that
while in the Confederate army I did not
see it every day, but whenever it was
possible I obtained it, and late in the
war paying fifty cents a day for it.

From where the Dispatch was born it
moved to the southeast corner of Main
and Thirteenth Streets, where it remained until January 1, 1865, when it
moved opposite to my father's store, at
the northeast corner of Main and Thirteenth Streets. There it went up in
flames and smoke on the 3d day of
April, 1885.
In '55 or '66, when Messrs. Cowardin
and Ellyson resumed the publication of
the paper, they started directly opposite
where the Dispatch first saw the light
of day, on Governor Street, in rear of
what was the famous drug store of
Messrs. Purcell, Ladd and Company, now
the office of the Postal Telegraph Company.

From there they moved to Twelfth and





the "stamina" of "The Times" best, drepped "The Dispatch," and from that day to this have taken "The Times" and "Times and Dispatch."

WM. H. CLEMMITT.

No. 819 West Main Street.

Richmond, Va., March 30, 1904.

Mr. Clemmitt adds this interesting bit of personal history.

Richmond, Va., March 30, 1004.

Mr. Clemmitt adds this interesting bit of personal history:

I was born in the city of Norfolk, July 7, 1834; brought to Richmond about 1829, where I have lived ever since, with the exception of about two or two and one-liaif years spent in Norfolk and Portsmouth, four months of which time I worked on a Henry Clay campaign paper printed in Portsmouth by "Mr. Compally" (who was both editor and printer). In the year 184.

I served an apprenticeship at the printing business in this city, and also five years' apprenticeship with Mr. James Bosher at the coach painting. Preferred and returned to the printing business, and have worked at it ever since—January, 1944; carried it on in partnership and singly for nearly thirty years, and am still at it daily for a support. If I live three months and seven days longer, I will be eighty years of age, If you doubt it. I can give you "positive proof," from a record in an old Bible nearly 200 years old.

For Half a Century.

For Half a Century.

nish no proof, but my own statement. I can the first issue of The Richmond Dispara! I handled and road it. It was issued from the office on Thirteenth Street, next to corner of Main Street, a small brick building, previously occupied by a Mr. David Waish, as slote shop and residence. It was in the 40's, just what year I cannot remember. I was a journeeman printer, and working with H. K. Ellyson, whose office was ever the drug store of Adie and Gray, near the corner of Main and Twelfth Streets, south side, James Cowardin, I think, was the editor; I believe, James Lewellyn, and, perhaps, John Hammersin, were connected with it. I took the paper (from the carrier). I believe, continuously, from that time till "The Richmond Times" was issued. After a few transient sketches of For Half a Century.

Amelia C. II. Va., March 23, 1904.

Editor of The Times-Dispatch:

Sir.—I notice your announcement in The
Times-Dispatch to the old friends and
subscribers. I would say I have taken
the Daily Dispatch for nearly fifty years.
I was taking it before Oliver P. Baldwin
became connected with the paper. "I
remember this from the fact of Mr.
Baldwin delivering a lecture at this
place." Amelia Courthouse, for the benefit of "our church," and spent the night
at my house. it my house.
The subject of his lecture was "The

(Continued on Ninth Page.)

FOUR LADIES AS FIRE-FIGHTERS

The Winners. The winners are: For the Dally Times-Dispatch— E. Leslie Spence, Richmond, William H. Clemmitt, Richmond.

Admiral Sigsbee's Wife and Daughters Save the Home-

and steamer, responded, and so did several hundred people, who crowded about the bushes and fences that were after and offered "suggestions."

About the old colonial house is a large field of grass. This Charles D. Sigsbee, Jr., desired to turn into a garden, and decided to burn off the grass before having it ploughed. A few minutes after the grass was set on fire the young man lost control of it, and with great rapidity it spread to the adjoining bushes and fences.

respect to the asymmetric fences.

An alarm of fire was then quickly turned in, and pending the arrival of the fire companies the women of the Sigsbee household rushed from the house and formed a bucket brigade. Working with all the coolness and promptness of experienced fire fighters, the women, with buckets and pitcher, worked so cleverly that when the different fire companies reached the house the fire had been put out, and nothing remained for the firemen but to compliment Mrs. Sigsbee and her daughters. her daughters.

A FAITHFUL FRIEND HAD DECENT BURIAL

P. B. Crowder, Amelia Courthouse, Va. J. W. Brooks, Durham, N. C. Alex. L. Parrish, Gum Spring, Va. For the Weekly Times-Dispatch: John R. Long, Wolf Town, Va. Rev. John M. Harlowe, Covington, John M. Covington, Va.

Mr. Spence's Letter. The letters received from these dear old friends are very interesting, and are here given in full:

Editor of The Times-Dispatch:
Sir.-In 1850 I lived at the northeast
correr of Main and Governor Streets (now
more generally called Thirteenth Street).
Mr. James A. Cowardin (ard, I think

and Pronounces Eulogy

Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

(HEMPSTEAD, L. I., April 9.—With faces covered with smoke and dust from faces covered with smoke and dust from faces covered with smoke and dust from faces covered with smoke and the three daughters proved valiant volunteer firedup afternoon, when the bushes about their house at Hempstead, which on fire.

An alarm of fire was turned in, and An alarm of fire was turned in, and An alarm of fire was inred in small.

An alarm of fire was inred in, and An alarm of fire was inred in swanness, hook and ladder when he saw a train bearing down on the woman. He started to throw her aside, when he saw a train bearing down on the woman. He started to throw her aside, when he engine hit both of them aside, when he engine hit both of them aside, when he have the heart of the knee.

(Special to The The An alarm of fire was fired burled by John Haverty wished to follow the hearse, but had to remain in the hospitual. Haverty was crossing a track Wednesday evening in the Melrose yards of the New York Ceniral and Hudson River Railroad, at One Hundred and Fiftiett Street and Fark Avenue, accompanied to the Superior Court, where a jury yestorday awarded thankers. While the case was on trial yesterday, when he saw a train bearing down on the woman. He started to throw her aside, when the engine hit both of them.

(Special to The The Alarm Street leg-was burled by John Haverty wished to follow the hearse, but had to remain in the hospitual. Haverty was crossing a track Wednesday evening in the Melrose yards of the New York Ceniral and Hudson River Railroad, and Fiftiett Street and Fark Avenue, accompanied to the Superior Court, where a jury yestorday awarded thanker. While the case was on trial yesterday, when he saw a train bearing down on the woman. He started to throw her aside, when he eagle his both of them.

(Special to The John Haverty was constituted to the long time of John Haverty was constituted to the long time of John Haverty was constituted to the Melros

the woman. He started to throw her aside, when the engine hit both of them. The woman had half a dozen ribs broken and was internally injured. Haverty's leg was cut off just above the knee. As soon as Haverty'recovered consciousness in Lebanon Hospital and discovered that his leg was gone, he inquired what had become of the limb. They told him that it had been sent to the hospital morgue. Haverty objected to this. "That old leg of miné," he said to the doctors, "has helped me to earn a living for some years. I think it is entitled to decent burial."

OPEN EXPOSITION

WITH INVOCATION
ST. LOUIS, MO., April 9.—The Rev.
Dr. Frank W. Gunsaulus, of Chicago, president of the Armour Institute of Technology, has accepted the invitation of the Exposition Company to deliver the invocation at the opening ceremonies of the World's Fair on April 30th.

A PET DOG'S BITE COMES VERY HIGH

Messrs. The Messrs of the Postal Telegraph Company.

From there they moved to Twelfth and Main, on the very ground where I was born, on the 5th day of November, 18th.

I have always lived in Richmond, and for many years was a merchant with my father, as E. B. Spence and Son, engaged in the clothing business. Am at present the general manager of the Mutual Investment Association and general agent for the United States Fidelity and Guayanty Company. As I read the first issue of the paper, and have continued to read it to this date, I think I must be one of your oldest readers.

Respectfully submitted.

E. LESLIE SPENCE.

A Veteran, Indeed.

Sir,-I am certainly an "old reader, Perhaps I am not the oldest. Can fur

Editor of The Times-Dispatch:

New York Man Lost His Leg Boston Lady Had to Pay Nearly Two Thousand Dollars

testify that the log lived in the Vene-tian palace, and was fed out of the same dish as Mrs. Gardner's other dogs, and the jury decided Mrs. Gardner was the

TRIED FIVE TIMES; AT LAST ACQUITTED

(By Associated Press. (By Associated Press.)

KNOXVILLE. TENN., April 9.—Robert Catlett, a wealthy farmer of Sevier
county, who has been tried five times
on the charge of being an accessory in
the Whaley murder in January, 1806,
for which two men already have been
executed, was acquitted to-day at Louden, Tennessee. den, Tennessee.

DOMESTIC PEACE AT LAST IN SIGHT

sucd. After a few transient sketches of "The Times," I concluded that I liked

nish no proof, but my own statement. I

Chicago Women Outline Manner of Treatment for Household Servants. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

CHICAGO, April 9 .- The Congress of Women's Clubs, in session here, has found out how to make servant girls ognize that they are working at a

Pay the experts by the hour

"Let them share in the family life. "Clearly define their duties. Don't order

her the best labor-saving ventions. "Cut out the talk about social su-

human being belonging to the same sis-terhood,

"Teach ignorant mistresses that ca-price doesn't go with the women who sell their time for specific duties." AN INSANE MAN

PLAYED DEAF MUTE

(Special to The Times-Dispatch. WYTHEVILLE, VA., April 9.—The "deaf mute" has begun to talk. Pauley, the man who attempted suicide here Wednesday, began to tell various tales at rapid rate. He has been adjudged insane. and will be taken to the Marion Hos-

SOCIETY WOMEN LEARN TO WRESTLE

The Famous Jiu Jitsu System of the Japanese Becoming

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9.—Jiu Jitsu, that system of Japanese wrestling, with which an adept can disable the strongest opponent, is to be taught at the United States Naval Academy, at Amapolis. It is President Roosevelt's idea. He is a devotee of this art himself, and believes that it will be a strong addition to the athletic training of the young men who will be the future commanders of the navy.

Captain Willard H. Brownson, superintedent of the Naval Academy, is in regotiation with Japanese instructors of this art. Mr. Yamashita, whose prowess

negotiation with Japanese Instructors of this art. Mr. Yamashita, whose prowess has been voched for by Lieutenant Commander Kakeshita, naval attache of the Japanese legation, will probably be one of the Instructors at Annapolis. He has already won distinction in Washinston. Hu just has become a favorite diversion of not only the President, but several prominent society women. The ball-room of at least one fashiomable Washington home is said to have necently been the scene of half a dozen society maids and matrons gathered for instruction and for contests in the sport.

tion and for contests in the sport.

Fire in King George.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) FREDERICKSBURG, VA., April 9.— Fire last night destroyed the residence of Mr. James Grigsby, in King George, The contents were also burned. No ingurance.

WHAT CITY IS DOING TO EXPAND

Her Own People Have No Idea What She Is.

WHOLESALE CENTER OF GROWING TRADE

Commands a Business Extent of Which Few of Her Citizens Realize.

SOME THINGS PEOPLE DO NOT KNOW ABOUT

First-Class Trade and Traffic Appliances That Tell for Business-General Facts Touching the City's Natural and Acquired Advantages.

What is Richmond doing?

It is said that half the world does not snow how the other half lives. That was said a long time ago, and was and is the truth, but not the whole truth. It lacks a great deal of being the whole truth. One tenth of the world has but little conception of how the other ninetenths is getting along, and what is worse, the one-tenth doesn't care. Worse still; the nine-tenths care nothing about what the one-tenth is up to. It very often happens in some little worlds that the one-tenth is the live part of them; that

happens in some little worlds that the one-tenth is the live part of them; that the one-tenth is going about all that is being done and getting precious little help from the indifferent nine-tenths.

No. That half the world does not know how the other half lives is nothing near to the whole truth. Half of a city is ignorant of the 'cares of living that the other half suffers under. Half of a block knows but little of what is going on in the other half suffers under. Half of a block knows but little of what is going on in the other half, and, generally speaking, nobody in a tenement house knows or cares what the other folks in the same tenement, are doing. In some cases this, is probably as it should be, but not always. What is true of the big round world is true of little rectangular worlds. Richmond is a little world, a little business world, and a mighty live little business world, and a mighty live little business world, and a mighty live little business world, that at least half of it does not know what the other half is doing. Perhaps all of it would be liver, more energetic, more active, more up to date in a business way, and certainly show more city pride, more business pride and a greater inclination to pull together, as one man, so to speak, for Richmond's growth and business glory, if we all knew more about each other, each other's business, and each other's energy, each other's nower for good and for commercial spread.

other's new and aspirations, and each other's power for good and for commercial spread.

Richmond people know all about Richmond politics. They know who is strong in votes, and who is weak and in what restlement hospilities in which this particular localities in which this or thaat may be, strong or or that may be, strong or weak, as the case may be, and when the lines of battle are finally drawn and the contending parties have been brought up to the fighting line, Richmond can got as solid as a block of Kennebec ice.

Reduced to Business.

Bring this principle down to business; bring this knowledge of men and affairs thie commercial lines; bring the same solidarity down into business channels, as it prevails in the political arena, and this little business world of ours can go out and conquer the commercial South. out and conquer the commercial South.

The trouble is the people in this particular business world do not know each other well enough; the one-half does not know what the other half is doing; the line-tenths do not know what great things the one-tenth has accomplished, and the fewest number of Richmond people when we have well as the content of Richmond people when we would be supported by the content of Richmond people would be supported by workers with the supported by the su ple know what wonderful natural advan-

tiges their little world enjoys.

Richmond has made wonderful strides in a business way, and is still making them; that is to say, a few Richmondera are, but the many are not taking the interest and the pride they ought to take in these things, are not belying moral support and encouragement to the few that they ought to give and are making but little, if any, effort to get in the game themselves. And, coming back to the original proposition, it is all because onenal proposition, it is all because one-

(Continued on Ninth Page.)

